

OPERATING INSTRUCTIONS

Variable Reluctance Speed Sensor DSE EH10.30 AHZ



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	Type #	Product #	Drawing #					
	DSE EH10.30 AHZ	3042606645	117521 Rev.0					
General								
Function			ce (VR) speed sensors consist of					
			magnet. A ferrous pole wheel					
			field strength, resulting in an AC					
	voltage being induced in the coil. The frequency of the output signal is proportional to the speed of the moving target. The amplitude of the signal							
	depends on speed, air gap, geometry of target, magnetic properties of target							
	material, and the electrical load. VR sensors, also known as passive or							
	electromagnetic sensors	electromagnetic sensors, do not require an external supply.						
Technical data								
Coil properties	Inductance @ 1 kHz:	140 mH ± 10%						
	Resistance: 850 Ohm	1 ± 10%						
	 Magnet polarity: north 	n pole towards front face	e					
	Pole piece: diameter	2.7 mm						
Polarity	Upon approach of ferrou	s metal, the signal pin i	s positive with respect to GND.					
Signal output	Using a sensor together	with a toothed wheel ha	aving an involute gear form will					
0	generate a sinusoidal sig							
			tional to the rate of change of					
		by the pole wheel. In p	rinciple, it depends on the					
	following parameters:	ity of the teethed wheel						
	 Circumferential velocity of the toothed wheel Module of the toothed wheel 							
	 Module of the toothed wheel Air gap between toothed wheel and sensor's front surface 							
	• Load impedance applied to the sensor (recommended is 10 k Ω)							
	Minimal voltage for 5 m/s circumferential speed, module 2 gear, 1 mm air gap							
	and 10 kOhm load resistance: 2.3 Vpp							
	The signal amplitude shown in the figure is valid for a load of $100k\Omega$, and is							
	affected by air gap, target geometry and material.							
	Reference speed = 10 m/s, reference load = 100kohms							
	100.00							
	signal		M = 0.5					
	du du	ו••	M = 0.0					
			M = 2.0					
	Beak		M = 4.0					
	$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$							
	air gap (mm)							

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Frequency range	Up to 30 kHz, lower limit depending on application
Housing	Stainless steel 1.4305, front side sealed hermetically and resistant against
	splashing water, oil, conducting carbon- or ferrous dust and salt mist. Electronic
	components potted in chemical and age proof synthetic resin. Max. allowable
	pressure on sensor head: 10 bar
	Dimensions according to drawing.
Connector	mates with straight plug MS3106A-10SL-4S
Requirements for pole wheel	Toothed wheel of a magnetically permeable material (e.g. Steel 1.0036)
	Optimal performance with
	Involute gear
	 Tooth width > 10 mm
	 Side offset < 0.2 mm
	 Eccentricity < 0.2 mm
Air gap between sensor and	Depending on lowest circumferential speed which has to be detected and on
pole wheel	trigger level.
Insulation	Housing and electronics galvanically separated (500 V/50 Hz/ 1 min)
Protection class	IP68 (head) and IP67 (connector)
Temperature	Operating temperature of entire sensor: -40° +125°C
Further Information	Operating temperature of entitie sensor40 +125 C
Safety	All mechanical installations must be carried out by an expert. General safety
Oalety	requirements have to be met.
Commention	
Connection	The sensors must be connected according to sensor drawing.
	Sensor wires are susceptible to radiated noise. Therefore, the following points
	have to be considered when connecting a sensor:
	The sensor wires must be laid as far as possible from large electrical machines.
	They must not run parallel in the vicinity of power cables.
	It is advantageous to keep the distance between sensor and instrument as short
	as possible. If the signal requirements are met, the sensor cable may be
	lengthened via a terminal box located in an IP20 connection area in accordance
	with EN 60529.
Installation	The sensor has to be aligned to the pole wheel according to the sensor drawing.
	Deviations in positioning may affect the performance and decrease the noise
	immunity of the sensor. During installation, the smallest possible pole wheel to
	sensor gap should be set. The amplitude of sensor's output signal depends on
	decreases with increasing air gap. Hence, the gap should however be set to
	prevent the face of the sensor ever touching the pole wheel.
	A sensor should be mounted with the middle of the face side over the middle of
	the pole wheel. Dependent upon the wheel width, a certain degree of axial
	movement is permissible. However, the middle of the sensor must be at
	minimum in a distance of 3 mm from the edge of the pole wheel under all
	operating conditions.
	A solid and vibration free mounting of the sensor is important. Eventual sensor
	vibration relative to the pole wheel can induce additional output pulses.
	The sensors are insensitive to oil, grease etc. and can be installed in arduous conditions.
Maintenance	Product cannot be repaired.
Transport	Product must be handled with care to prevent damage of the front face.
Storage	Product must be stored in dry conditions. The storage temperature corresponds
	to the operation temperature.
Disposal	Product must be disposed of properly, it must not be disposed as domestic
	waste.

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